

AMBASSADOR 6778 FOUR BAND SIX

CIRCUIT.—The H.F. amplifying valve V1, a pentode, is fed by aerial transformers on all bands and controlled by A.V.C. only on the medium and long wavebands.

Inter-valve transformers effect the coupling to the triode-hexode frequency changer V2, the secondaries of the transformers being tuned. A.V.C. is not applied to the valve on the short wavebands to obviate drift. The oscillator section follows standard practice, and regeneration modifier resistances are included.

An I.F. transformer of the adjustable iron-core type provides the coupling to the I.F. amplifying valve V3, another H.F. pentode. A further I.F. transformer of similar construction feeds one of the diodes of V4, a double-diode triode.

Connection to the diode load of V4 is effected via an H.F. filter circuit. The rectified potentials feed the A.V.C. network and also the triode grid of V4 via

an L.F. coupling condenser, manual volume control and grid stopper resistance.

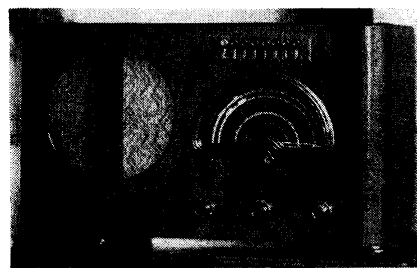
Bias to the triode grid of V4 is obtained from a 1.5-volt dry cell.

V4 is resistance-capacity coupled to the pentode output valve V5. R17 and C25 provide a treble-cut tone control, and a pentode compensator condenser C29 supplements the tone control.

Mains equipment consists of a mains transformer, a full-wave rectifying valve V6, electrolytic smoothing condensers, and a smoothing choke (the speaker field).

Receiver Chassis Removal.—Remove the back and the four grub-screw secured control knobs. Remove the two chassis-fixing nuts from the base and withdraw bolt from chassis. Unsolder the lead to the earthing tag on the chassis.

The chassis may then be withdrawn to the extent of the power-supply cable. The seven-pin plug can, of course, be withdrawn from its socket on the receiver chassis.



Reception on two short wavebands together with medium and long is provided by the Ambassador 6778, which retails at 12 gns.

Power Pack Removal.—Remove the two 4B.A. nuts from the flanges of the power-pack chassis. This is best effected by turning the cabinet on its end and unscrewing the two brass 4B.A. bolts from the base while holding the nuts inside the cabinet. Then remove the single wood screw securing the flange to the base of the cabinet, the supply-cable plug from its socket on the receiver chassis deck (if this is still in position), and the four-pin speaker cable plug.

Special Notes.—Sockets at the rear of the chassis near the aerial and earth sockets are for connecting a pick-up.

The separate power pack chassis is connected to the receiver by means of a plug and the speaker is similarly connected to the power pack chassis.

The two dial lights are rated at 6.2 volts .3 amp, and have M.E.S. bases.

The main adjustment device consists of three sockets on the mains transformer marked with voltage values, and into one of these a threaded member is screwed.

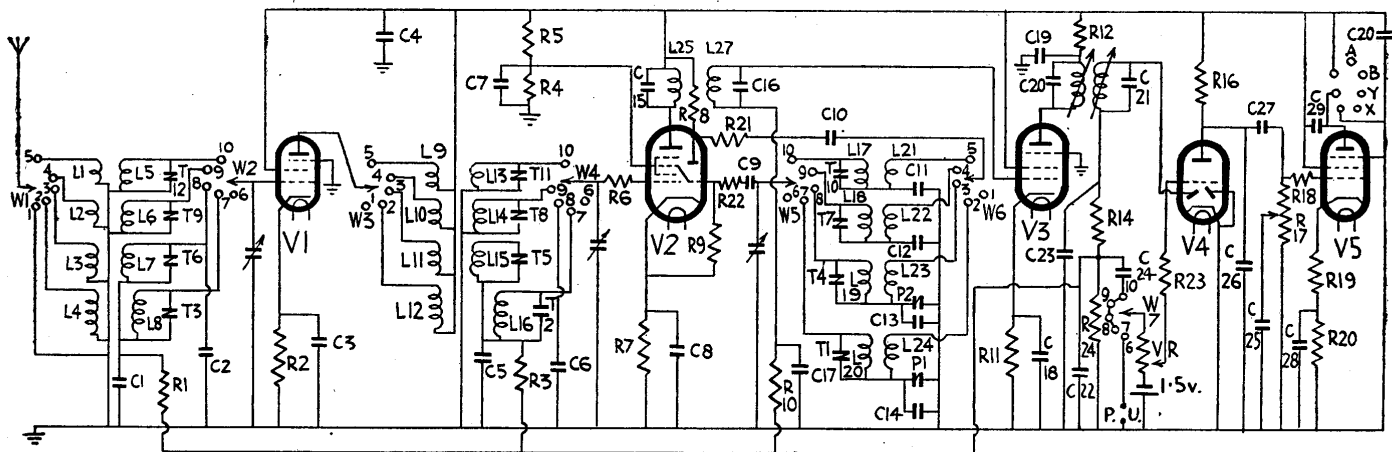
C15 and C16 are contained inside I.F.T.1 and C20 and C21 are in I.F.T.2. In our particular chassis C2, C3, C14, C19, C28, R4 and R12 were missing, whilst C18 was .0001. We understand that the circuit has been modified. R6 is in the top grid cap connector of V2. In some chassis the trimmers and coils may be in slightly different positions, but the coils can be easily identified.

A 1.5 volt dry cell provides the bias to the grid of the triode section of V4. The cell is G.W.Z. Mono cell, No. 4.

Sockets for an A.C. gramophone motor are provided on the power pack chassis.

WINDINGS (D.C. Resistances)

L.	Ohms.	Range.	Where measured.	L.	Ohms.	Range.	Where measured.
1	.2	S.W.1	Aerial socket and chassis.	15	3.8	M.W.	H.F. gang and C5.
2	.5	S.W.2	Aerial socket and chassis.	16	12.1	L.W.	H.F. gang and C5.
3	10	M.W.	Aerial socket and chassis.	17	Below .1	S.W.1	Osc. gang and C11.
4	113	L.W.	Aerial socket and chassis.	18	26	S.W.2	Osc. gang and C12.
5	Below .1	S.W.1	Top grid V1 and chassis.	19	3	M.W.	Osc. gang and P2.
6	.2	S.W.2	Top grid V1 and chassis.	20	7	L.W.	Osc. gang and P1.
7	3.7	M.W.	Top grid V1 and C1.	21	.4	S.W.1	C10 and C11.
8	12.8	L.W.	Top grid V1 and C1.	22	25.7	S.W.2	C10 and C12
9	.3	S.W.1	Anode V1 and H.T. line.	23	77.7	M.W.	C10 and P2.
10	.7	S.W.2	Anode V1 and H.T. line.	24	71.7	L.W.	C10 and chassis.
11	2	M.W.	Anode V1 and H.T. line.	25	2.3	—	Anode V1 and H.T. line.
12	6.7	L.W.	Anode V1 and H.T. line.	26	2.3	—	Top grid V3 and R10.
13	.1	S.W.1	H.F. gang and chassis.	27	2.1	—	Anode V3 and H.T. line.
14	.2	S.W.2	H.F. gang and chassis.	28	2.1	—	R14 and diode V4.
				29	1070	—	Red and yellow leads speaker panel.
				O.T. prim.	360	—	Blue and yellow leads speaker panel.
				M.T. prim.	(200v) 24.5 sec. 303	—	Mains plug pins.
				Total H.T.		—	Anode pins V6.



The main receiver portion of the Ambassador circuit, above, has an oscillator section following standard practice, while A.V.C. is not provided on short waves to obviate drift.

Alignment Notes

I.F. Circuits.—The I.F. transformers should not be adjusted as they are of the driftless iron core type. However, replacement of one or both of the I.F. transformers will call for the following procedure.

Connect an output meter across the primary of the speaker transformer and a service oscillator between the top grid cap of V2 and chassis. Switch set to M.W. band, turn gang to maximum capacity. Turn volume to maximum and tone to "high."

Tune service oscillator to 465 kc. and adjust the iron cores of I.F.T.2 and then I.F.T.1 for maximum, reducing the input as the circuits come into line. Use a non-metallic trimming tool for this operation.

Signal circuits.—Connect the service oscillator to the aerial and earth sockets only feeding sufficient input to obtain reliable peaks in the output meter and reducing the input as the circuits come into line.

With gang at maximum capacity the pointer should coincide with 180 degrees on the dial marking.

Long Waves.—Tune set and oscillator to 1,304 metres (231kc.) and adjust T1, T2 and then T3 for maximum.

Tune set and oscillator to 1,875 metres (160 kc.) and adjust P1 for maximum, simultaneously rocking the gang.

Repeat both operations until no further improvement results.

Medium Waves.—Tune set and oscillator to 250 metres (1,200 kc.) and adjust T4 for maximum.

Tune set and oscillator to 531 metres (565 kc.) and adjust P2 for maximum, simultaneously rocking the gang.

Return to 250 metres, readjust T4 and then readjust P2 on a 531 metres signal. Then feed in a 350 metres (856 kc.)

(Continued on page viii.)

Ambassador 6778 on Test

MODEL 6778.—For A.C. mains, 200-250 volts, 40-100 cycles. Price, 12 gns.

DESCRIPTION.—Five-valve, plus rectifier four-band table model.

FEATURES.—Full vision scale calibrated in metres and station names and coloured as to wavebands. Wavelength pointer has two arms, between which the name of the station tuned in is seen. Controls for tuning, combined volume and master switch, tone and wave selection. Speaker at side of chassis. Separate power pack chassis. Sockets for pick-up. Low impedance extra speaker connection.

LOADING.—72 watts.

Sensitivity and Selectivity

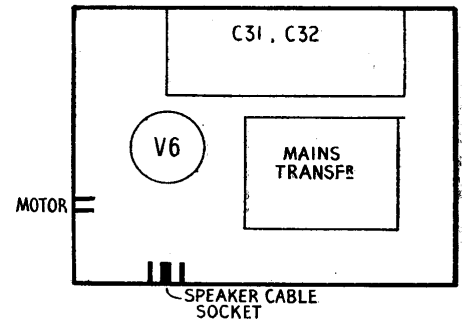
SHORT WAVES (12-35 and 34-96 metres).—Excellent gain and good selectivity with easy handling and no drift.

MEDIUM WAVES (200-550 metres).—Good gain and excellent selectivity with reasonably quiet background.

LONG WAVES (800-2,000 metres).—Good gain and selectivity, with all main stations easily received.

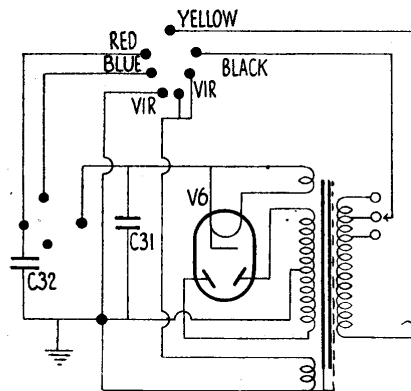
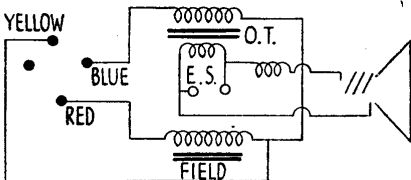
Acoustic Output

Ample volume for a large room, with crisp, clean attack and good medium and low note radiation. Speech is free from marked colouration and orchestral balance is very pleasing.



RESISTANCES

R.	Purpose.	Ohms.
1	V1 A.V.C. decoupling	500,000
2	V1 cathode bias	150
3	V2 A.V.C. decoupling	500,000
4	V2 screen pot. (part)	20,000
5	V2 screen pot. (part)	30,000
6	V2 series grid	50
7	V2 cathode bias	150
8	Osc. anode load	30,000
9	Osc. grid leak	50,000
10	V3 A.V.C. decoupling	500,000
11	V3 cathode bias	130
12	V3 anode decoupling	1,000
14	H.F. stopper	50,000
15	Volume control	1 meg.
16	V4 anode load	250,000
17	Tone control	500,000
18	V5 grid stopper	50,000
19	V5 cathode bias (part)	50
20	V5 cathode bias (part)	120
21	Regeneration modifier	150
22	Regeneration modifier	150
23	V4 grid stopper	50,000
24	B4 diodes, load	500,000



Separate power pack and speaker assembly sections are features of the Ambassador 6778 design. Top is the speaker unit circuit, and below that of the power pack.

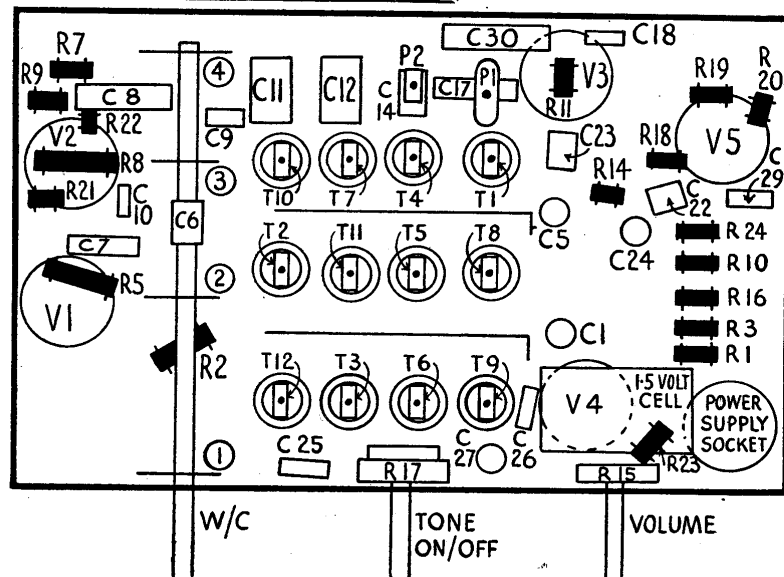
QUICK TESTS

Quick tests are available on the leads to the speaker panel. Voltages between these and the chassis should be:—

- Red lead, 245 volts, unsmoothed H.T.
- Blue lead, 235 volts, smoothed H.T.
- Yellow lead, 330 volts, smoothed H.T.

CONDENSERS

C.	Purpose.	Mfds.
1	V1 A.V.C. decoupling	.1
2	Aerial switch shorting	.01
3	V1 cathode bias shunt	.1
4	H.T. line by-pass	.1
5	V2 A.V.C. decoupling	.1
6	H.F. switch shorting	.01
7	V2 screen decoupling	.1
8	V2 cathode bias shunt	.1
9	Osc. grid	.0001
10	Osc. anode coupling	.001
11	S.W.1 fixed padder	.005
12	S.W.2 fixed padder	.024
13	M.W. fixed padder	.0005
17	V3 A.V.C. decoupling	.1
18	V3 cathode bias shunt	.1
19	V3 anode decoupling	.1
22	H.F. by-pass	.0001
23	H.F. by-pass	.0002
24	L.F. coupling	.01
25	Tone control	.01
26	V4 anode shunt	.0005
27	L.F. coupling	.1
28	V5 cathode bias shunt	50
29	Pentode compensator	.01
30	H.T. line by-pass	.01
31	H.T. smoothing	16
32	H.T. smoothing	16



Left is the underside view of the chassis of the Ambassador 6778 showing the simple lay-out of the components. Above is a similar drawing of the power pack chassis.

(Continued from page vii.)

signal, tune in on receiver and adjust T5 and T6 for maximum.

S.W.2 (34-96 metres).—Tune set and oscillator to 40 metres (7.5 mc.), screw T7 right up and then unscrew until the second peak from "tight" is heard. Then adjust T8 and T9 for maximum.

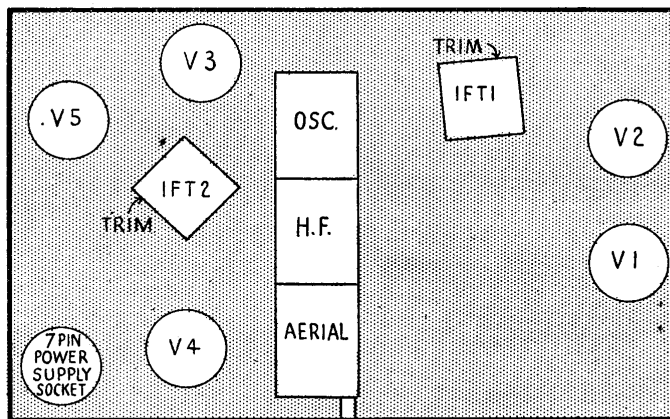
Check at 90 metres (3.3 m.c.) to ensure that the correct peak has been selected.

S.W.1 (12-35 metres).—Tune set oscillator to 13.9 metres (21.5 mc.), screw T10 right up and then unscrew until the second peak from "tight" is heard.

Then tune set and oscillator to 20 metres (15 mc.) and adjust T11 and T12 for maximum response. Check at 31 metres to ensure that the correct peak has been selected.

Ambassador 6778 Four-band Six

Valve positions and other components are identified by this top-of-chassis layout diagram of the model 6778. Below are details of the switch banks, one to four, from left to right.



A replacement for the block containing C31 and C32 is available from A. H. Hunt Ltd. Unit list number 3659, it retails at 10s. 6d.

VALVE READINGS

No signal. Volume maximum. M.W. min. cap. 200 volt A.C. mains.

V.	Type.	Electrode.	Volts.	Ma.
1	AC/VP2 .. (Mazda)	Anode ..	245	10.6
		Screen ..	245	3
2	AC/TH1 ..	Anode ..	245	1.6
		Screen ..	75	5.8
		Osc.anode	85	5
3	AC/VP2 ..	Anode ..	245	11
		Screen ..	245	1.8
4	AC/HL/DD ..	Anode ..	60	1
5	AC5/Pen. ..	Anode ..	235	34
		Screen ..	245	5.8
6	UU4 ..	Heater ..	330	—

